



District Clerks' Felony Conviction Court Cost Chart

Court Costs & Reimbursement Fees

(ORIGINAL JURISDICTION)

A court must conduct an ability to pay hearing on the record during or immediately after sentencing.¹
Judges have authority to reduce or waive court costs and reimbursement fees.²

		A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J
MANDATORY COURT COSTS											
<i>Assess the mandatory court costs upon "conviction," which includes deferred adjudication and deferred disposition – Local Gov't Code §§ 133.101 and 134.002(b)</i>											
1	State Consolidated Court Cost – LGC, § 133.102(a)(1)	\$185	\$185	\$185	\$185	\$185	\$185	\$185	\$185	\$185	\$185
2	Local Consolidated Court Cost – LGC, § 134.101(a)	\$105	\$105	\$105	\$105	\$105	\$105	\$105	\$105	\$105	\$105
MANDATORY REIMBURSEMENT FEES											
<i>Assess only if the service was performed or the fee applies.</i>											
3	Admin Fee (FTP) – TC, § 706.006(b) ³	\$10	\$10	\$10	\$10	\$10	\$10	\$10	\$10	\$10	\$10
4	Attorney's Fees – CCP, art. 26.05	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
5	Community Supervision Fee – CCP, art. 42A.652(a)*	\$25 - \$60*	\$25 - \$60*	\$25 - \$60*	\$25 - \$60*	\$25 - \$60*	\$25 - \$60*	\$25 - \$60*	\$25 - \$60*	\$25 - \$60*	\$25 - \$60*
6	Peace Officer: Attach Witness – CCP, art. 102.011(c)	\$10	\$10	\$10	\$10	\$10	\$10	\$10	\$10	\$10	\$10
7	Peace Officer: Commit or Release from Jail - CCP, art. 102.011(a)(6)	\$5	\$5	\$5	\$5	\$5	\$5	\$5	\$5	\$5	\$5
8	Peace Officer: Execute or Process AW, Capias or Capias Pro Fine – CCP, art. 102.011(a)(2), 102.011(e) ⁴	\$50	\$50	\$50	\$50	\$50	\$50	\$50	\$50	\$50	\$50
9	Peace Officer: Issue NTA or Arrest w/o Warrant – CCP, art. 102.011(a)(1), 102.011(e) ⁵	\$5	\$5	\$5	\$5	\$5	\$5	\$5	\$5	\$5	\$5
10	Peace Officer: Meals, Lodging, and Mileage – CCP, art. 102.011(b)	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
11	Peace Officer: Testifying at Trial or Travel to/from Trial – CCP, art. 102.011(i)	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
12	Peace Officer: Serve Writ – CCP, art. 102.011(a)(4)	\$35	\$35	\$35	\$35	\$35	\$35	\$35	\$35	\$35	\$35
13	Peace Officer: Summon Jury – CCP, art. 102.011(a)(7)	\$5	\$5	\$5	\$5	\$5	\$5	\$5	\$5	\$5	\$5
14	Peace Officer: Summon Witness – CCP, art. 102.011(a)(3) ⁶	\$5	\$5	\$5	\$5	\$5	\$5	\$5	\$5	\$5	\$5
15	Peace Officer: Take & Approve Bond – CCP, art. 102.011(a)(5)	\$10	\$10	\$10	\$10	\$10	\$10	\$10	\$10	\$10	\$10

¹ C.C.P., art. 42.15(a-1).

² C.C.P., art. 43.091(c).

³ **Do not assess** if the county does not have a contract with DPS to deny renewal of a person's driver's license if the person fails to pay a fine or cost associated with the case or if the court made a finding that the defendant is indigent.

⁴ Fee is assessed on conviction, regardless of whether the defendant was arrested at the same time for another offense, and shall be assessed for each arrest that resulted in a conviction, even if more than one of those arrests arose out of the same criminal episode or transaction.

⁵ Fee is assessed on conviction and per notice or warrantless arrest.

⁶ Fee is assessed on conviction, per witness, and each time the witness was summoned.



District Clerks' Felony Conviction Court Cost Chart – 01/01/2020

		A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	
16	Personal Bond Reimbursement Fee – CCP, art. 17.42, Sec. 4(a) <i>(NOTE: Assess whichever fee is greater)</i>	\$20/3 %	\$20/3 %	\$20/3 %	\$20/3 %	\$20/3 %	\$20/3 %	\$20/3 %	\$20/3 %	\$20/3 %	\$20/3 %	
17	Sex Offender Treatment Fee as Cond CS – CCP, art. 42A.452	N/A	N/A	*.7	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	*,8	*,9	N/A	
18	Time Payment Fee – CCP, art. 102.030 (formerly LGC § 133.103) ¹⁰	\$15	\$15	\$15	\$15	\$15	\$15	\$15	\$15	\$15	\$15	
19	Visual Recording Fee – CCP, art. 102.018(a)	\$15	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
OPTIONAL REIMBURSEMENT FEES												
<i>Assess only if the service was performed and the court orders the defendant to pay it.</i>												
20	Attorney's Fees as Cond CS – CCP, art. 42A.301(b)(11)	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
21	Compensation to Victims of Crime Account (formerly, Fund) – CCP, art. 42A.301(b)(17)	*	*	*	*	N/A	*	*	*	*	*	
22	County Scofflaw Fee (Failure to Pay or Appear) – TC, § 502.010(f) ¹¹	\$20	\$20	\$20	\$20	\$20	\$20	\$20	\$20	\$20	\$20	
23	Fee for Processing Certain Payments – LGC, §§ 132.002, 132.003	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	
24	Pretrial Intervention Reimbursement Fee (CSCD) – CCP, art. 102.012(a)	*	*	N/A	N/A	*	*	N/A	N/A	N/A	*	
25	Pretrial Intervention Related Fee (CSCD) – CCP, art. 102.012(b)	X	X	N/A	N/A	X	X	N/A	N/A	N/A	X	
26	Psychological Counseling Victim as Cond CS – CCP, art. 42A.301(b)(19)	N/A	N/A	*	*	N/A	N/A	N/A	*	*	*	
27	Reimbursement of Law Enforcement Expenses as Cond CS – CCP, art. 42A.301(b)(18)	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	
28	Transaction Fee – CCP, art. 102.072	≤ \$2	≤ \$2	≤ \$2	≤ \$2	≤ \$2	≤ \$2	≤ \$2	≤ \$2	≤ \$2	≤ \$2	
FEES REPEALED (By SB 346 (86R))												
-	Clerk's Fee – CCP, art. 102.005(a) <i>REPEALED</i>						No longer assessed.					
-	Comal County Juvenile Placement Fee – HRC, § 152.0522 <i>REPEALED</i>						No longer assessed.					
-	County and District Court Technology Fund Fee – Code Crim. Proc. art. 102.0169(a) <i>REPEALED BY AMENDING</i>						No longer assessed.					
-	Courthouse Security Fee – CCP, art. 102.017(b) <i>REPEALED BY AMENDING</i>						No longer assessed.					

⁷ Apply this fee if: 1) the offense is Indecency w/a Child (PC § 21.11), Sexual Assault of a Child (PC § 22.011(a)(2)), Agg. Sexual Assault of a Child (PC § 22.021(a)(1)(B)), Sexual Performance By a Child (PC § 43.25), or Possession or Promotion of Child Pornography (PC § 43.26); 2) the judge grants community supervision; **and** 3) the defendant is evaluated under Article 42A.258, CCP, for the purposes of determining the appropriateness of sex offender treatment, specialized supervision, or rehabilitation.

⁸ Apply this fee if: 1) the offense is Aggravated Kidnapping w/ Intent to Violate or Abuse the Victim Sexually (PC § 20.04(a)(4), Indecency w/a Child (PC § 21.11), Sexual Assault (PC § 22.011), Agg. Sexual Assault (PC § 22.021), Prohibited Sexual Conduct (PC § 25.02), Burglary of a Habitation, if entered with intent to commit a felony, other than felony theft (PC § 30.02(d)), Sexual Performance By a Child (PC § 43.25), or Possession or Promotion of Child Pornography (PC § 43.26); 2) the judge grants community supervision; **and** 3) the defendant is evaluated under Article 42A.258, CCP, for the purposes of determining the appropriateness of sex offender treatment, specialized supervision, or rehabilitation.

⁹ Apply this fee if: 1) the offense is Indecent Exposure (PC § 21.08); 2) the judge grants community supervision; **and** 3) the defendant is evaluated under Article 42A.258, CCP, for the purposes of determining the appropriateness of sex offender treatment, specialized supervision, or rehabilitation.

¹⁰ **Do not assess this fee at sentencing.** This fee is assessed only if the payment is made on or after the 31st day after the date on which the judgment entered. See CCP, art. 102.030(a). "Conviction" includes deferred adjudication, deferred disposition, and any other deferral of final disposition of the case. See CCP, art. 101.004.

¹¹ **Do not assess if** the county does not have a contract with the Texas Department of Motor Vehicles to deny registration of a motor vehicle if the owner of that vehicle owes the county money for a criminal fine or fee that is past due or fails to appear in a criminal proceeding against the owner. Also, **do not assess if** the court made a finding that the defendant is indigent. **Do not assess if** the information regarding the owner's failure to pay was provided more than two years ago.



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	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J
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- Custodial Supervision Fee in Community Corrections Facility (support of dependents) – CCP, art. 42A.301(b)(12)(C)(ii) <i>REPEALED BY AMENDING</i>										No longer assessed.
- Cost Related to DNA Testing – CCP, art. 102.020 <i>REPEALED</i>										No longer assessed.
- Drug Court Cost – CCP, art. 102.0178 <i>REPEALED</i>										No longer assessed.
- El Paso Motion to Waive Speedy Trial Fee – GC, § 54.745(b), (c) <i>REPEALED BY AMENDING</i>										No longer assessed.
- Indigent Defense Fee – LGC, § 133.107 <i>REPEALED</i>										No longer assessed.
- Judicial Support Fee – LGC, § 133.105(a) <i>REPEALED</i>										No longer assessed.
- Juror Reimbursement Fee – CCP, art. 102.0045 <i>REPEALED</i>										No longer assessed.
- Jury Fee – CCP, art. 102.004 <i>REPEALED</i>										No longer assessed.
- Prosecutor's Fee – CCP, art. 102.008(a) <i>REPEALED BY AMENDING</i>										No longer assessed.
- Records Management Fee – CCP, art. 102.005(f) <i>REPEALED</i>										No longer assessed.
- Reimbursement of Interpreter Expenses – CCP, art. 42A.301(b)(23) <i>REPEALED BY AMENDING</i>										No longer assessed.
- Restitution Installment Fee – CCP, art. 42.037(g) <i>REPEALED BY AMENDING</i>										No longer assessed.
- Statewide E-Filing Fee – GC, § 51.851(a), (d) <i>REPEALED</i>										No longer assessed.

Detailed Description of Offenses in each Felony Category on Chart

- A** Driving While Intoxicated (DWI) – Penal Code, § 49.04
- B** Felony Intoxication Offense– Penal Code, §§ 49.045 - 49.09 (except the DWI Traffic fine under Sec. 709.001, Transp. Code, does not apply to all of these offenses. See Sec. 49.09 (f), Penal Code, for a list of offenses to which the DWI traffic fine applies)
- C**
- 1) Continuous Sexual Abuse of Young Child or Children – Penal Code, § 21.02
 - 2) Indecency with a Child – Penal Code, § 21.11
 - 3) Sexual Assault of a Child – Penal Code, § 22.011(a)(2)
 - 4) Aggravated Sexual Assault of a Child – Penal Code, § 22.021(a)(1)(B)
 - 5) Sexual Performance by a Child – Penal Code, § 43.25
 - 6) Possession or Promotion of Child Pornography – Penal Code, § 43.26
- D** Employment Harmful to Children – Penal Code, § 43.251
- E** Felony Drug Offense – Health & Safety Code, Ch. 481
- F** Felony Graffiti Offense – Penal Code, § 28.08
- G**
- Passing a School Bus if enhanced to a felony – Transportation Code, § 545.066(c)(2)
Counterfeit Airbag or Misrepresentation of Airbag Installation – Transportation Code, § 547.614
Failure of a Motor Vehicle Operator to stop or remain at the scene of an accident involving death or injury – Transportation Code, § 550.021
- H**
- 1) Aggravated Kidnapping with intent to commit bodily injury or to violate or abuse sexually – Penal Code, § 20.04(a)(4)
 - 2) Continuous Trafficking of Persons – Penal Code, § 20A.03
 - 3) Continuous Sexual Abuse of Young Child or Children, Penal Code, § 21.02
 - 4) Indecency with a Child – Penal Code, § 21.11
 - 5) Sexual Assault or Aggravated Sexual Assault other than with a child – Penal Code, §§ 22.011, 22.021
 - 6) Sexual Performance by a Child – Penal Code, § 43.25
 - 7) Possession or Promotion of Child Pornography – Penal Code, § 43.26
 - 8) Prohibited Sexual Conduct – Penal Code, § 25.02
 - 9) Burglary of Habitation with intent/attempt to commit or commission of a felony other than felony theft – Penal Code, § 30.02(d)
 - 10) Compelling Prostitution – Penal Code, § 43.05
- I**
- 1) Murder – Penal Code, § 19.02
 - 2) Capital Murder – Penal Code, § 19.03
 - 3) Manslaughter – Penal Code, § 19.04
 - 4) Criminally Negligent Homicide – Penal Code, § 19.05
 - 5) Unlawful Restraint – Penal Code, § 20.02 (but not as a Class A misdemeanor, if reduced)
 - 6) Kidnapping – Penal Code, § 20.03
 - 7) Aggravated Kidnapping– Penal Code, § 20.04 (but not aggravated kidnapping with intent to inflict bodily injury or to violate or abuse sexually - under § 20.04 (a)(4))
 - 8) Smuggling of Persons – Penal Code, § 20.05
 - 9) Continuous Smuggling of Persons – Penal Code, § 20.06
 - 10) Trafficking of Persons – Penal Code, § 20A.02
 - 11) Indecent Exposure – Penal Code, § 21.08 (even if reduced to a Class B misdemeanor)

- 12) Bestiality – Penal Code, § 21.09
- 13) Improper Relationship between Educator and Student – Penal Code, § 21.12
- 14) Invasive Visual Recording – Penal Code, § 21.15
- 15) Unlawful Disclosure or Promotion of Intimate Visual Material – Penal Code, § 21.16
- 16) Voyeurism – Penal Code, § 21.17 (but not as a Class B or C misdemeanor, if reduced)
- 17) Sexual Coercion – Penal Code, § 21.18
- 18) Assault – Penal Code, § 22.01 (but not as a Class A misdemeanor, if reduced)
- 19) Aggravated Assault – Penal Code, § 22.02
- 20) Injury to a Child, Elderly Individual, or Disabled Individual – Penal Code, § 22.04
- 21) Abandoning or Endangering Child – Penal Code, § 22.041
- 22) Deadly Conduct – Penal Code, § 22.05 (but not as a Class A misdemeanor, if reduced)
- 23) Terroristic Threat – Penal Code, § 22.07 (but not as a Class B misdemeanor, if reduced)
- 24) Aiding Suicide – Penal Code, § 22.08 (but not as a Class C misdemeanor, if reduced)
- 25) Tampering with Consumer Product – Penal Code, § 22.09
- 26) Harassment by Persons in Certain Correctional Facilities; Harassment of Public Servant – Penal Code, § 22.11
- 27) Enticing a Child – Penal Code, § 25.04 (even if reduced to a Class B misdemeanor)
- 28) Prostitution – Penal Code, § 43.02(b) (but only if the defendant knowingly offers or agrees to pay a fee to another person for the purpose of engaging in sexual conduct w/ that person or another) (cost applies even if reduced to a Class B misdemeanor)
- 29) Promotion of Prostitution – Penal Code, § 43.03
- 30) Sale, Distribution, or Display of Harmful Material to Minor – Penal Code, § 43.24

J All Felonies not in one of the foregoing categories

NOTES:

1. This chart is provided for guidance purposes only. For legal advice consult with your legal representative, or you may wish to contact the Comptroller's Office.
2. "X" means the amount has to be calculated according to the applicable statute.
3. "*" means the judge will determine: (1) the exact amount; (2) if the fine or fee applies; or (3) both.
4. "N/A" means fine or fee is not usually charged for this type of offense. But, the clerk should charge it if the court assesses it.
5. "≤" means less than or equal to the amount indicated.
6. "≥" means greater than or equal to the amount indicated.
7. Contact Margie Johnson, Assistant General Counsel, OCA, if you have any questions or concerns ((512) 463-1625 or Margie.Johnson@txcourts.gov).

Court Cost and Fee Destinations

(1) **State Consolidated Court Cost** – Local Gov't Code § 133.102(a)(2)

90% to the State and 10% to the County as a service fee for the collection if the County makes timely remittance of the remaining money to the State Comptroller (See Local Gov't Code § 133.058(a)). Upon collection, the County shall deposit the money in the county treasury (See Local Gov't Code §133.052). The State must direct its portion to 19 destinations, as follows: (1) Crime Stoppers Assistance Account [0.2427%]; (2) Breath Alcohol Testing Account [0.3900%]; (3) Bill Blackwood Law Enforcement Management Institute Account [1.4741%]; (4) Texas Commission on Law Enforcement Account[3.4418%]; (5) Law Enforcement And Custodial Officer Supplement Retirement Trust Fund [7.2674%]; (6) Criminal Justice Planning Account [8.5748%]; (7) Center for the Study and Prevention of Juvenile Crime and Delinquency at Prairie View A&M University [0.8540%]; (8) Compensation To Victims Of Crime Account [24.6704%]; (9) Emergency Radio Infrastructure Account [3.6913%]; (10) Judicial And Court Personnel Training Account [3.3224%]; (11) Correctional Management Institute of Texas and Criminal Justice Center Account [0.8522%]; (12) Fair Defense Account [17.8857%]; (13) Judicial Fund [12.2667%]; (14) DNA Testing Account [0.1394%]; (15) Specialty Court Account [1.0377%]; (16) Statewide Electronic Filing System Account [0.5485%]; (17) Jury Service Fund [6.4090%]; (18) Truancy Prevention and Diversion Account [2.5956%]; and (19) Transportation Administrative Fee Account [4.3363%]. Of each dollar credited to the Texas Commission on Law Enforcement Account, 33.3 cents may be used only to pay administrative expenses, and the remainder may be used only to pay expenses related to continuing education for persons licensed under Chapter 1701, Occupations Code (Law Enforcement Officers). A county may be able to retain an additional \$22.50 if the county maintains a certified breath alcohol testing program but does not use the services of a certified technical supervisor employed by DPS and the conviction was an offense under Chapter 49, Penal Code, other than an offense that is a Class C misdemeanor (See Art. 102.016(b), CCP).

(2) **Local Consolidated Court Cost** – Local Gov't Code § 134.102(a)

100% to the County. The clerk of the court will deposit the fee in the county treasury, and the County treasurer will allocate the fee to 8 destinations as follows: (1) Clerk of the Court Account [38.0953%]; (2) County Records Management and Preservation Fund [23.8095%]; (3) County Jury Fund [0.9524%]; (4) Courthouse Security Fund [9.5238%]; (5) County and District Court Technology Fund [3.8095%]; and (6) County Specialty Court Account [23.8095%]. The county treasurer shall maintain the various funds and accounts in the county treasury, unless the fund or account is required by other law. Money deposited in the Clerk of the Court Account may be used only to defray costs of services provided by a county or district clerk. Money deposited in the County Records Management and Preservation Fund may be used by a county only to fund records management and preservation services performed by the court clerk. Money deposited in the County Jury Fund may be used by a county only to fund juror reimbursements and otherwise finance jury services. Money deposited in the Courthouse Security Fund may be used only for security personnel, services, and items related to buildings that house the operations of district, county, and justice courts. This includes: (1) the purchase or repair of X-ray machines and conveying systems; (2) handheld metal detectors; (3) walkthrough metal detectors; (4) identification cards and systems; (5) electronic locking and surveillance equipment; (6) video teleconferencing systems; (7) bailiffs, deputy sheriffs, deputy constables, or contract security personnel during times when they are providing appropriate security services; (8) signage; (9) confiscated weapon inventory and tracking systems; (10) locks, chains, alarms, or similar security devices; (11) the purchase or repair of bullet-proof glass; (12) continuing education on security issues for court personnel and security personnel; and (13) warrant officers and related equipment. The Courthouse Security Fund is administered by or under the direction of the commissioners court. Money deposited in the County and District Court Technology Fund may be used only to finance: (1) the cost of continuing education and training for county court, statutory county court, or district court judges and clerks regarding technological enhancements for those courts; and (2) the purchase and maintenance of technological enhancements for a county court, statutory county court, or district court, including (a) computer systems; (b) computer networks; (c) computer hardware; (d) computer software; (e) imaging systems; (f) electronic kiosks; and (g) docket management systems. The County and District Court Technology Fund is administered by or under the direction of the commissioners court. Money deposited in the County Specialty Court Account may be used only to fund specialty court programs established under Subtitle K, Title 2, Government Code.

(3) **Administrative Fee (Failure to Pay Fine or Cost) a/k/a Omni Fee**

100% of the money stays with the County. Several portions of Transportation Code § 706.007 (i.e., subsections b, c, and e) have been repealed. As a result, the fee is \$10 (down from \$30). The state will no longer receive a portion of the fee, and the County no longer has to provide annual reports regarding the fee. The officer collecting the fee must remit it to the county treasurer, who must deposit it to the credit of the county's general fund and use it to compensate private vendors hired by DPS to perform services under the contract. See *Transportation Code 706.008*.

(4) **Attorney's Fees** – Code Crim. Proc. art. 26.05

Presumably, 100% of the money stays with the County and is deposited in the county treasury to reimburse the county in which the prosecution was instituted for the costs of the legal services provided to the defendant.

- (5) **Community Supervision Fee** – Code Crim. Proc. art. 42A.652(a)
100% to the court supervising the defendant. If the defendant's case is transferred to another court in the state, 100% of the fee is paid to the court accepting the case.
- (6) **Peace Officers: Attaching a Witness on Order of Court Outside County** – Code Crim. Proc. art. 102.011(c)
100% of the money stays with the County and should be deposited in the county treasury.
- (7) **Peace Officers: Commitment to or Release from Jail** – Code Crim. Proc. art. 102.011(a)(6)
100% of the money stays with the County and should be deposited in the county treasury.
- (8) **Peace Officers: Executing or Processing an Issued Arrest Warrant, Capias, or Capias Pro Fine** – Code Crim. Proc. arts. 102.011(a)(2), 102.011(e)
100% of the money stays with the County, unless the officer performing the service is employed by the State, in which event only 80% of the money stays with the County and the remaining 20% goes to the State. *See Local Gov't Code § 133.104.*
- (9) **Peace Officers: Issuing a Written Notice to Appear in Court or For Making an Arrest w/o Warrant** – Code Crim. Proc. arts. 102.011(a)(1), 102.011(e)
100% of the money stays with the County, unless the officer performing the service is employed by the State, in which event only 80% of the money stays with the County and the remaining 20% goes to the State. *See Local Gov't Code § 133.104.*
- (10) **Peace Officers: Meals, Lodging, and Mileage** – Code Crim. Proc. art. 102.011(b)
100% of the money stays with the County and should be deposited in the county treasury.
- (11) **Peace Officers: Overtime Pay for PO Testifying at Trial or for Travelling To & From Testifying at Trial** – Code Crim. Proc. art. 102.011(i)
100% of the money stays with the County and should be deposited in the county treasury.
- (12) **Peace Officers: Serving a Writ – Code Crim. Proc. art. 102.011(a)(4)**
100% of the money stays with the County and should be deposited in the county treasury.
- (13) **Peace Officers: To Summon a Jury, if a jury is required** – Code Crim. Proc. art. 102.011(a)(7)
100% of the money stays with the County and should be deposited in the county treasury.
- (14) **Peace Officers: To Summon a Witness** – Code Crim. Proc. art. 102.011(a)(3)
100% of the money stays with the County and should be deposited in the county treasury.
- (15) **Peace Officers: Taking and Approving a Bond** – Code Crim. Proc. art. 102.011(a)(5)
100% of the money stays with the County and should be deposited in the county treasury.
- (16) **Personal Bond Reimbursement Fee** – Code Crim. Proc. art. 17.42, § 4(a)
100% stays with the County. The fee may be used solely to defray expenses of the personal bond office, including defraying expenses related to extradition.
- (17) **Sex Offender Treatment Fee as Cond CS** – Code Crim. Proc. art. 42A.452
100% of the fee goes to reimburse the reasonable and necessary costs of the treatment, supervision, or rehabilitation incurred.
- (18) **Time Payment Fee** – Code Crim. Proc. art. 102.030 (formerly, Local Gov't Code § 133.103)

100% to the County. The collecting officer shall deposit the fee in the county treasury. The county treasurer will deposit the fee in a separate account in the County's general fund to be used for the purpose of improving the collection of outstanding court costs, fines, reimbursement fees, or restitution or improving the efficiency of the administration of justice in the County. The County must prioritize the needs of the collecting officer when making expenditures from the account. The fee has been reduced to \$15 (down from \$25). The state will no longer receive a portion of the fee.

(19) **Visual Recording Fee** – Code Crim. Proc. art. 102.018(a)

The court collects the fee and, presumably, 100% goes to the law enforcement agency that visually recorded the defendant. The officer collecting the fee must deposit it in the county treasury.

(20) **Attorney's Fees as Cond CS** – Code Crim. Proc. art. 42A.301(b)(11)

100% of the money stays with the County and is deposited in the county treasury to reimburse the county in which the prosecution was instituted for the costs of the legal services provided to the defendant.

(21) **Compensation to Victims of Crime Account** (formerly, Fund) – Code Crim. Proc. art. 42A.301(b)(17)

100% of the fee goes to the Compensation to Victims of Crime Account as a reimbursement fee.

(22) **County Scofflaw Statute** – Transp. Code §502.010

100% to the county. The fee may be used only to reimburse TDMV or the county assessor-collector for expenses related to providing services under the contract, or to reimburse another county department for expenses related to services under the contract. **NOTE:** There are limits on the number of times a county may provide or use the same information to refuse a person's vehicle registration. Information relating to an overdue payment expires two years after it has been provided, and it may not be used to refuse registration again. In other words, do not use the same information to refuse registration more than two times after it has been provided or received, if the information relates to a past due fine or fee. Also, information regarding other fines and fees that become past due during the two-year period may not serve as the basis for another refusal before or after the initial or existing refusal. *See subsection (b-1) for further clarification.* Finally, if the court provides notice to the county assessor-collector that the court has waived the underlying debt due to the defendant's indigence, the county may not charge this fee. *See § 502.010(j).* For additional information or clarification, see [AG Opinion KP-0285](#).

(23) **Fee for Processing Certain Payments** (formerly, the Electronic Processing & Handling Fee) – Local Gov't Code §§ 132.002, 132.003

100% of the money stays with the County and is deposited in the county treasury.

(24) **Pretrial Intervention Reimbursement Fee (CSCD)** – Code Crim. Proc. art. 102.012(a)

100% goes to the community supervision and corrections department serving the county. The county treasurer must deposit the money in the special fund of the county treasury for the community supervision and corrections department. *See Code Crim. Proc. art 103.004.*

(25) **Pretrial Intervention Related Fee (CSCD)** – Code Crim. Proc. art. 102.012(b)

100% goes to reimburse the program or agency providing the service related to the expense (e.g., drug or alcohol testing, counselling, etc.). If the community supervision department is entitled to the fee, the money should be deposited in the county treasury in the special fund for the community supervision and corrections department. *See Code Crim. Proc. art 103.004.*

(26) **Psychological Counseling Victim as Cond CS** – Code Crim. Proc. art. 42A.301(b)(19)

100% goes to reimburse the victim for psychological counseling made necessary by the offense, including counseling and education related to AIDS/HIV.

(27) **Reimbursement of Law Enforcement Expenses as Cond CS** – Code Crim. Proc. art. 42A.301(b)(18)

100% goes to the law enforcement agency that analyzed, stored, or disposed of the material, controlled substance, chemical precursor, drug paraphernalia, or other matter seized in connection with the offense.

(28) **Transaction Fee** – Code Crim. Proc. art. 102.072

Presumably, 100% stays with the County and is deposited in the county treasury.